

# Participant Briefing Packet

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www.Civic50.org



## I. Program Overview

The Civic 50, an initiative of Points of Light, recognizes the 50 most community-minded companies in the nation each year as determined by an annual survey. By benchmarking and celebrating best practices, it provides a framework for good corporate citizenship and showcases how companies can use their time, skills and other resources to improve the quality of life in their communities. Honored every year at Points of Light's Conference on Volunteering and Service, The Civic 50 is a roadmap for how companies can turn good intentions into sound business practices.

Civic 50 winners are selected based on four dimensions of their U.S. community engagement program, as determined by an annual survey:

- <u>Investment</u>: How extensively and strategically the company applies its resources to community engagement in the U.S., including employee time and skills, cash, in-kind giving and public leadership.
- <u>Integration</u>: How a company's U.S. community engagement program supports business interests and integrates into business functions, or how it "does well by doing good."
- <u>Institutionalization</u>: How the company supports community engagement in the U.S. through its organizational policies, systems, and incentives.
- <u>Impact</u>: How the company measures the social and business outputs and outcomes of its U.S. community engagement program.

#### **Timeline**

- The Civic 50 survey launch (Thursday, December 13, 2018)
- Survey data collection (December 11, 2018 March 10, 2019)
- Evaluation and data analysis (March- April 2019)
- Company notifications (Spring 2019)
- The Civic 50 announcement, release of key findings brief, and Civic 50 Gala (June 18 20, 2019 at the <u>Points of Light Conference</u> stay tuned for details about this special event!
- Sector education campaign and promotion: Summer Fall 2019

## **Methodology and Process**

The survey instrument consists of quantitative and multiple-choice questions that inform The Civic 50 scoring process, and summary narrative questions to capture case study material we will use to celebrate and promote best practices. To calculate a corporation's score, points are accrued in the following dimensions: Investment (1,000 points), Integration (1,000 points), Institutionalization (1,000 points) and Impact (1,000 points).

There are two additional recognitions as part of the 2019 Civic 50. These awards will be announced at the <u>Points of Light Conference on Volunteering and Service</u> at The Civic 50 awards ceremony:

- The Excellence in Volunteer Investment Award will be given to the company that
  maximizes employee time and talent in volunteering and service. Thanks to a strong
  culture of giving back and pro bono service, this company will have demonstrated the
  highest level of volunteering.
- The Excellence in Volunteer Impact Award will be given to the company who demonstrates the strongest measurable impact from their volunteer initiatives. From excellence in measurement to quantifiable and laudable output and outcomes, this



company will have demonstrated the deliberate and thoughtful efforts to ensure the most robust impact possible from their employee volunteer initiatives.

## Ranking

We will list Civic 50 honorees in alphabetical order, and will recognize the top company in each sector based on the <u>Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)</u> -- telecommunications, consumer discretionary, consumer staples, energy, financials, healthcare, industrials, materials, information technology, utilities and real estate. Only the rankings of the top 50 companies and the sector leaders will be shared publicly with attribution. Names and rankings of companies that participate but do not have rankings qualifying for the top 50 or as sector leaders will be kept confidential. All other information submitted on The Civic 50 application may be aggregated and shared for benchmarking and continuous improvement purposes, but will be anonymous (not attributed to any specific company).

#### **History**

The Civic 50 was founded as a partnership between the National Conference on Citizenship, Points of Light and Bloomberg LP in 2012, and developed with a high-profile working group of lead researchers and industry thought leaders. Dozens of corporate advisors also provided strategic guidance on the program's objectives, including defining indicators, developing methodology, and identifying partners and participants. In the first two years, The Civic 50 evaluated and recognized only S&P 500 companies. The survey was expanded in 2014 to include participation by all companies with revenue of \$1 billion and over.

## II. Frequently Asked Questions

Q: What is The Civic 50?

A: The Civic 50, an initiative of Points of Light, recognizes the 50 most community-minded companies in the nation each year as determined by an annual survey. By benchmarking and celebrating best practices, it provides a framework for good corporate citizenship and showcases how companies can use their time, skills and other resources to improve the quality of life in their communities. Honored every year at The Points of Light <a href="Conference">Conference</a>, The Civic 50 is a roadmap for how companies can turn good intentions into sound business practices.

Q: What does it take to become a Civic 50 honoree?

A: Civic 50 honorees are selected based on four dimensions of their U.S. community engagement program, as determined by an annual survey:

- <u>Investment</u>: How extensively and strategically the company applies its resources to community engagement in the U.S., including employee time and skills, cash, in-kind giving and public leadership.
- <u>Integration</u>: How a company's U.S. community engagement program supports business interests and integrates into business functions, or how it "does well by doing good."
- <u>Institutionalization</u>: How the company supports community engagement in the U.S. through its organizational policies, systems and incentives.
- <u>Impact</u>: How the company measures the social and business outputs and outcomes of its U.S. community engagement program.

Q: What organizations are eligible to participate in The Civic 50?

A: Public and private companies with U.S. operations and revenues of \$1 billion or more are eligible to participate.

Q: Why should my company participate?

A: Companies that participate in The Civic 50 have a unique opportunity to gain national recognition for their community engagement programs, take a leadership position in corporate community involvement and to share their best practices with the broader business community. Many companies have also said that the process of taking the survey and receiving their individual scorecards with information on their rankings helped them understand how they could improve their processes and strategies in the future.

Q: What are the main programmatic elements and timeline of The Civic 50?

A: The Civic 50 initiative consists of three main programmatic elements, which will take place between Fall 2018 and Summer 2019. These programmatic elements include:

- Survey launch and data collection: Fall 2018 Spring 2019
- Awards ceremony, media announcement and publication of a key findings brief: June 2019
- Sector education, continuing honoree recognition and promotion of best practices:
   Summer 2019 Fall 2019.

Q: Has this survey been administered before?

A: Yes, The Civic 50 is now in its seventh year. To see lists of honorees and resources from previous years, visit <a href="https://www.civic50.org">www.civic50.org</a>.

Q: Are there any changes to this year's survey?

A: The survey is relatively unchanged from 2017-2018. It remains entirely quantitative and multiple-choice, built on feedback and review of an Academic Panel. There are opportunities to elaborate on and provide short case studies to illustrate your answers; however these will not be scored. These case studies may be used as part of The Civic 50's marketing and sector education efforts following the public announcement.

Q: Who was involved in the development of The Civic 50 survey instrument?

A: The following academic leaders reviewed the survey during its development in 2014:

Professor Bea Boccalandro, Georgetown University Center for Public & Nonprofit Leadership;

Dr. Edward Freeman, University of Virginia Darden School of Business; Dr. Ira Harkavy, The Wharton School of University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Pamela Harper, Marist College School of Business; Professor Peter Levine, Jonathan Tisch College of Citizenship and Public Service at Tufts University; Dr. Kelvyn Moore, Bentley University; Dr. Nicholas Pearce, Northwestern University Kellogg School of Management; Dr. John Peloza, Gatton College of Business and Economics at University of Kentucky; Dean Alan Solomont, Jonathan Tisch College of Citizenship and Public Service at Tufts University.

Q: Why aren't environmental policies evaluated in the survey?

A: There are many other ranking systems that evaluate business performance aspects such as environmental and workforce policies, but that is not the unique niche or purpose that The Civic 50, or Points of Light, as the largest organization in the world dedicated to volunteer service, are positioned to fill.

Q: What if my internal corporate policies have designated a different definition for terms used in The Civic 50 survey?

A: All definitions for terms used in The Civic 50 survey can be found in our Glossary of Terms (<u>see below</u>). For discrepancies between The Civic 50 definition and your organization's legal definitions, we require companies to use The Civic 50 definition in lieu of your organization's definition to ensure accurate results.

Q: Who should submit the survey on behalf of my corporation?

A: The highest-ranking official responsible for community engagement programming and initiatives should submit the survey on behalf of your corporation. We have found that a staff member who is familiar with the work of the company and the survey should review for accuracy and completeness. We have provided space for companies to provide contact information for additional individuals should you deem necessary.

Q: If I participated last year, can I use the same responses?

A: Yes, provided the responses are still accurate for the year the application covers. The methodologies you may have used to compile data will continue to be relevant. Please take the time to make sure the breadth and depth of your organization's work is represented. Please also note that the qualitative examples you submit will form the basis of a best practices report, so we encourage you to share your best and latest work.

Q: How much time will it take to complete the survey?

A: Based on prior year data, we estimate it will take 4-6 staff hours to complete data collection and response for The Civic 50 survey (not including your internal approval process). This packet contains the survey questions for your reference, and applicants can save their responses in the password-protected system and retrieve them at their convenience (see "survey instructions" section for further details).

Q: What is the deadline?

A: The deadline for survey submissions is 11:59 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time on Friday, March 15, 2019. Late submissions will not be accepted.

Q. When will I be notified?

A: Points of Light will send notifications in Spring 2019. 2019 Civic 50 honorees will receive an official letter notifying them of their status as an honoree, with information about plans for the 2019 announcement and awards ceremony during <a href="https://doi.org/10.103/journal.org/">The Points of Light Conference</a> in St. Paul, Minnesota, June 18-20, 2019.

Q: When will I receive my score?

A: A personalized report of your organization's score will be available from True Impact, following the 2019 Civic 50 announcement. These reports will be available for all companies who participate in the survey, in addition to honorees, for the purposes of continuous improvement.

Q: How will the information I submit be used?

A: All data collected in this survey will contribute to a company being listed on The Civic 50, unless explicitly noted otherwise. Only the top 50 companies overall, sector leaders, and their case studies requested in optional questions will be shared publicly, with attribution. Names and rankings of companies that participate, but do not have rankings qualifying for the top 50 overall or sector leaders, will be kept confidential. All other information submitted on The Civic 50 application may be aggregated and shared for benchmarking and continuous improvement purposes, but will be anonymous (not attributed to any specific company). Any information The Civic 50 wishes to publicly attribute to a company beyond a top 50 or sector leader ranking, and the opt-in case studies, will be cleared with that company before publication.

Q: How do the rankings control for differences in industry or corporate structure?

A: Any monetary or numerical data requested by this survey to assess magnitude of corporate investment, involvement, or impact will be normalized by company revenues or number of employees to control for size. Additionally, rating formulas are designed to minimize any inherent advantages or disadvantages across industries.

Q: I'm a multi-national corporation. Which activities should I document?

A: The Civic 50 is a U.S. award based on the company's community engagement program in the United States.

Q: What industry classification system do you use?

A: We will recognize Civic 50 honorees in alphabetical order, and will rank the top company in each sector based on the <u>Global Industry Classification Standard</u> (**GICS**). These sectors are telecommunications, consumer discretionary, consumer staples, energy, financials, healthcare, industrials, materials, information technology, utilities and real estate.

Q: Are there webinars or trainings to provide technical assistance?

A: Yes. There will be technical assistance webinars on **Monday, December 3, 2018, 2 p.m.**, **Eastern Daylight Time** and **Tuesday, January 22, 2019,2 p.m.**, **Eastern Daylight Time**. These presentations will offer a great opportunity to talk with The Civic 50 team about the process of survey completion, survey content, or general questions about the program itself. Recordings of the webinars will be available for playback at <a href="www.civic50.org">www.civic50.org</a>. All other questions should be directed to <a href="civic50@pointsoflight.org">civic50@pointsoflight.org</a>.

Q: Who should I contact if I have a question or problem?

A: Technical assistance will be provided during normal business hours (9 a.m. - 5 p.m. EST, Monday-Friday).

- For content or program-related inquiries, contact Civic50@pointsoflight.org.
- For technical support with the online survey, contact Civic50@TrueImpact.com.

Q: Is there feedback available on our ranking for continuous improvement purposes? A: Yes. All eligible companies that submit a completed survey will receive a free individual scorecard, which lists the company's individual score and ranking in each dimension. Additional reports to support more detailed corporate reporting and continuous improvement efforts are available for a fee. Please contact <a href="Civic50@TrueImpact.com">Civic50@TrueImpact.com</a> for more information.

Q: How can I learn more about what it takes to be a community-minded company?

A: You can access educational resources featuring benchmarking data and best practices from Civic 50 honorees and sector leaders at <a href="https://www.civic50.org">www.civic50.org</a>. These resources include best practices reports, infographics, webinar recordings and more.

Q. Is there anything else I should keep in mind?

A: Points of Light reserves the right to not include companies on The Civic 50 list which are not considered to be in good standing during the research year. Basis for not being "in good standing" includes, but is not limited to: the company experiencing official, significant legal sanction; an adverse company event so significant that it deems the Civic 50 practices presented in its application as a misrepresentation of the company's overall community involvement efforts; or any development that puts into question the company's community involvement to the degree that most people would not find it reasonable to find the company on a list of the most community-minded companies in the nation.

## **III. Survey Completion Instructions**

#### **How to Access the Survey**

The survey can be accessed at <a href="Civic50.org">Civic50.org</a>. Upon your first visit, create login credentials by entering your name, company name, email address, and company name, and creating a password. You need only do this once. When you return to the survey at a later date, click the orange button that says "Open Saved Proposal." Enter these same login credentials and you will be able to re-access your saved proposal.

#### **How to Save Your Work**

To save your progress in each section, please click the green "Accept" button in the bottom, right-hand corner of the page, or the "Save and Exit" button on the left-hand side under the category navigation. DO NOT use your browser's "back" function or the category navigation bar to move between sections without first clicking the "Accept" button, *or your responses will not be saved.* Once the "Accept" button is clicked, you or other team members collaborating on your submission can navigate, exit, and re-access your survey at any time using the password you chose upon starting the survey.

#### **How to Engage Your Colleagues**

Other members of your team can assist with the completion of your survey. Just give them the email address and password you created and tell them to visit the "Click here if you would like to continue a previously saved proposal" link and they can review and edit your submission. Please ensure that all work has been saved prior to exiting the page. *Please take the time to make sure the breadth and depth of your organization's work is represented.* 

#### How to Print Your Survey (or save your responses as a PDF)

To print a copy of your entire survey, log in to your account and click the orange "Print" link in the upper right-hand corner of the screen. This will show you the entirety of your submission as it currently stands. Use your browser's regular print function to print your submission. Or, to save as a PDF, click the button on your browser's print screen that will say something to the effect of "Print as PDF."

Please note: For multiple-choice questions, only the answer you select will be printed (not all possible answers), so you may wish to cross-reference with the full survey to see all your answering options.

#### **How to Answer Optional Open-Ended Questions**

To capture information for potential case studies, the survey provides several optional (i.e., not scored), open-ended text fields for you to share the details of certain community engagement activities. To promote concise responses and ease the demands on respondents, a 200-word count limit is imposed on each open-ended question. If you exceed that limit, you will not be able to submit the survey.

# **IV. Survey Instrument**

PLEASE USE THE ONLINE SURVEY TO SUBMIT YOUR FINAL APPLICATION. THIS IS A SAMPLE QUESTIONNAIRE TO GIVE YOU AN IDEA OF WHAT TO EXPECT IN THE SURVEY QUESTIONS ONLINE.

## **Company Profile**

	and provide the remaining accompany.
1.	Official company name (as you would like to see it printed on published materials if your company ranks in the top 50, or the name of the company for which you are completing the survey):
2.	Corporate headquarters mailing address:
3. <i>re</i> ı	Annual U.S. revenues (in millions): For example, if your company's annual U.S. venues are \$4.2 billion, then enter 4200 (which will display as \$4,200)
4.	Total number of employees in the U.S
5.	Sector: (Pick one)  Consumer discretionary Consumer staples Energy Financials Healthcare Industrials Information Technology Materials Real estate Telecommunications Utilities  Data entered in this survey should be for your most recently completed reporting year. Please note: please ensure reporting year spans 12 months and does not need to be the 12 months leading up to survey submission date. Please enter the start and end dates of that year here:
6.	Reporting start date (month/day/year):
7.	Reporting end date (month/day/year):
8.	CEO Name:
9.	CEO Executive Assistant (Name, Email, Phone):
10	. Applicant Contact (Name, Email, Phone):

11. provide	Alternate Applicant Contact (In case there are transitions at your organization, please an alternate contact so The Civic 50 team can contact you. Name, Email, Phone):
12.	Company Media Contact (Name, Email, Phone):
13. "n/a"):	Enter your Community Engagement program name (if applicable, else enter
	Enter your Community Engagement Program mission statement (if applicable) and/or ophy:
	If you have one or more signature initiatives (active in the U.S.), please provide the and a brief description (1-3 sentences) for up to three of those initiatives here:
	Link to your most recent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) report (if applicable, else n/a"):
17.	Link to your most recent GRI report (if applicable, else enter "n/a"):

## **Dimension 1: Investment**

This dimension evaluates how extensively and strategically the company applies its resources to community engagement in the U.S., including employee time and skills, cash, investments, in-kind giving and leadership.

## **Employee Time and Talent**

1.	<ul> <li>Participants. How many US employees participated in</li> <li>a. any type of external company-sponsored volunteerism (including hands-on, skills-based, and pro-bono volunteering)?</li> <li>b. any type of internal to the company citizenship or social issue engagement (i.e. employee resource groups, company sponsored issue education, training, awareness building)</li> </ul>
2.	Hours. How many total hours did US employees contribute through any type of company-sponsored volunteerism (including hands-on, skills-based, and pro-bono volunteering)?
3.	% Skills-Based and/or Pro Bono. Of the total number of volunteer hours reported in Question 2, what percentage were related to skills based and/or pro bono volunteerism?
Cash	
4.	<u>Value.</u> What is the total value of cash grants and contributions your company's community engagement program provided to social causes in the U.S. during your reporting year? This should be the total dollar value donated by the company, including matching-gifts and dollars-for-doers grants, but excluding donations given by employees themselves
	<u>Value (matches only).</u> What is the total value of cash donations given for employee matches and Dollars for Doer grants? (This is a subset of the total value you reported in the question above.)
5.	Number. How many individual grants did your company make in the US, excluding matching-gift and volunteerism-matching (e.g., dollars-for-doers) grants?)
6.	Multifaceted Investment. Of the total number of U.S. grants reported in Question 5, what percentage were provided additional support such as company volunteers (e.g., hands-on, skills based, pro bono, and/or board service), in-kind goods or services, and/or a multi-year grant pledge (in a single grant, not counting one-year grants that have been renewed)?
7.	<u>Value of Impact Investments.</u> What is the total market value of the impact investments your company provided to social causes in the U.S. during the reporting year? <b>And</b> , if your company accepts below-market financial returns on these investments, what is the total estimated value of your 'philanthropic subsidy' (i.e., the difference between what your investments would yield if they earned average market

rates and what your investments actually yield at your lower targeted rate of return)? Note: responses to this question are completely optional, but encouraged, and will not affect scoring in 2019.

#### In-contributions

8.	Cost. What is the total cost to your company of in-kind goods your company's
	community engagement program provided to social causes in the U.S. during your
	reporting year? (Note: your response here should exclude any contributions already
	reported above.)

9. <u>Value.</u> How much revenue would the goods reported in Question 7 have brought to your company had they been sold commercially instead of being donated in-kind?

#### **Public Leadership**

- 10. <u>Activity level.</u> Did your company take a leadership position on a specific social cause by promoting public awareness or behavior change (e.g., via public service announcements, leading cross-sector collaborations and partnerships, TV or radio appearances) and/or by advocating for policy change (e.g., via congressional testimony or letters to the editor) at either the national or local level (in the U.S.)? Please select your company's highest level of activity below.
  - Yes, Significant/National. Six or more public (meaning they received media coverage) education and/or policy advocacy efforts at a national scale.
  - Yes, Some/National. Two-Five public (meaning they received media coverage)
    - education and/or policy advocacy at a national scale.
  - Yes, Significant/Local. Six or more public (meaning they received media coverage)
    - education and/or advocacy efforts at a regional or local scale.
  - Yes, Some/Local. Two-Five public (meaning they received media coverage) education and/or policy advocacy efforts at a regional or local scale.
  - None or not applicable
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 11. <u>Funding support.</u> How much cash investment has your company made in support of your most significant US social cause (i.e., the one driving your categorization in the previous question)? This investment can include funding for PSAs, grants to partner nonprofits, or other education and awareness efforts, excluding the cost of employee time.

<u>Dimension 1 - Mini Case Study.</u> Please describe in 200 or fewer words one example to highlight how your company applies this Dimension (i.e., Investment - how extensively and strategically the company applies its resources – principally employee time and talents, cash, in-kind giving and leadership – to community engagement).

This example will not be scored, but may be selected as a short case study example as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include examples of your newest and best work. For examples from previous years, visit our <u>Best Practice</u>

Reports page. (Note: all case study entries will be compiled into an appendix to the Comprehensive Scorecard benchmarking report, as an additional resource for continuous improvement.)
If you do not wish to provide an example, please type "No Example" into the text box (to ensure the question was read and not inadvertently overlooked).
<u>Dimension 1- Comments</u> . Please share comments or explanations related to your answers in the Investment dimension. (Note: responses to this question are completely optional, but encouraged, and will not affect scoring.) If none to add, please enter "None."

## **Dimension 2: Integration**

This dimension evaluates how a company's U.S. community engagement program supports business interests and integrates into business functions, or how it "does well by doing good."

- 1. Select the top seven business functions and describe the level of integration with your engagement program.
  - Marketing/PR
  - Sales
  - Skill/Leadership Development
  - Recruiting
  - External Stakeholder Relations (including Shareholder)
  - Diversity and Inclusion
  - Health and Wellness
  - R&D/Innovation
  - Employee Engagement
  - Purchasing/supply-chain/sourcing
  - Other
- 1a. <u>Marketing/PR.</u> To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to enhance its brand in the marketplace (e.g., through cause marketing, issue branding, ads that feature community engagement, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the PR/marketing dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the PR/marketing dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1b. <u>Sales</u>. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to support its sales efforts (e.g., grants programs that help develop new-market pipelines, board service that generates new-business leads, charitable events that serve as a venue for strengthening existing sales relationships, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the sales dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the sales dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - · Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1c. <u>Skill/Leadership Development</u>. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to provide opportunities for employees to develop new experiences, knowledge, or skills (such as leadership, project management, or team development) directly applicable to their jobs?

- Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
- Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
- Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
- Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
- Not applicable / does not occur
- Cannot share this information
- 1d. <u>Recruiting.</u> To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to drive recruiting (e.g., through recruitment ads that feature the company's community engagement activities, campus outreach which includes service opportunities or "alternative spring break" events, hosting a recruitment booth at company-sponsored community events, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the recruiting dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the recruiting dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1e. External <u>Stakeholder relations.</u> To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to improve other key stakeholder relationships (e.g., regulators, legislators, advocacy groups, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the government relations/PR dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the government relations/PR dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1f. <u>Diversity and inclusion.</u> To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to promote a more diverse and inclusive company culture (e.g., by supporting initiatives that increase the diversity of the company's workforce pipeline, improve employees' understanding of and ability to work across differences, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR/diversity dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR/diversity dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information

- 1g. <u>Health and wellness</u>. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to promote health and wellbeing among employees (e.g., initiatives that promote exercise, healthy eating, stress management, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1h. <u>R&D/innovation</u>. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to promote research & development or innovation at the company and/or among employees (e.g., by promoting creative thinking or the testing of new product or service ideas, etc.)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the R&D/HR dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the R&D/HR dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- 1i. <u>Employee Engagement</u>. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to promote job satisfaction and engagement among employees (e.g., by targeting issues, designing activities, or coordinating personal interactions with team members or beneficiaries that employees find deeply satisfying and fulfilling)?
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the HR dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information
- <u>1i</u> Purchasing/supply-chain/sourcing. To what degree does your company use its purchasing power and relationships to address social challenges and issues (i.e. diverse and inclusive business ownership, environmental sustainability, slavery-free, fair-trade, gender equality):
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the purchasing/sourcing department, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Formal written strategy coordinated with the purchasing/sourcing department, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
  - Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
  - Not applicable / does not occur
  - Cannot share this information

1k.	Other (	(definition).	Please briefly	describe this (	other business	interest.

Other. To what degree does your company leverage its community engagement activities to promote this other business interest?

- Formal written strategy coordinated with the relevant dept., broadly and consistently implemented across the US
- Formal written strategy coordinated with the relevant dept., implemented on a limited basis in the US
- Informal strategy, broadly and consistently implemented across the US
- Informal strategy, implemented on a limited basis in the US
- Not applicable / does not occur
- Cannot share this information

<u>Dimension 2 – Mini Case Study.</u> Please describe in 200 or fewer words one example to highlight how your company applies this Dimension (i.e., Integration - how your company's community engagement program supports business interests and integrates into business functions, or how it "does well by doing good").

This example will not be scored, but will be used to verify the general accuracy of your response in this section. It may also be selected as a short case study example as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include examples of your newest and best work. (Note: all case study entries will be compiled into an appendix to the Comprehensive Scorecard benchmarking report, as an additional resource for continuous improvement.)

If you do not wish to provide an example, please type "No Example" into the text box (to ensure the question was read and not inadvertently overlooked).
Dimension 2- Comments. Please share comments or explanations related to your answers in
the Integration dimension. (Note: responses to this question are completely optional, but encouraged, and will not affect scoring.) If none to add, please enter "None."

## **Dimension 3: Institutionalization**

This dimension evaluates how the company supports community engagement in the U.S. through its institutional policies, systems, and incentives.

- 1. <u>Community Input.</u> Does the company seek input from community leaders/representatives on community needs and its community engagement program?
  - Yes
  - No
- 1a. If Yes: Community Input (describe). How is this practice implemented?
  - A formal, structured effort in the US that actively solicits community feedback such as a survey, focus groups or community meeting
  - A formal, structured effort in the US that passively collects community feedback for those wanting to provide, such as a social media site
  - Informal/ad hoc conversations
  - Not tracked / Can't disclose
- 2. <u>Performance Reviews.</u> Is community engagement a formal written component of employees' performance reviews?
  - Yes
  - No

2a. If Yes: <u>Performance Reviews (describe)</u>. Percentage of US employees to which this practice applies:

- 75%-100%
- 50%-74%
- 25%-49%
- 1%-24%
- Not tracked / Can't disclose
- 3. <u>Department Goals.</u> Is community engagement listed on division/department/business unit scorecards or evaluations?
  - Yes
  - No

3a. If Yes: <u>Department Goals (describe)</u>. Percentage of US divisions/departments/business units to which this practice applies:

- 75%-100%
- 50%-74%
- 25%-49%
- 1%-24%
- Not tracked / Can't disclose
- 4. <u>Employee Incentives.</u> Which of the following activities does your company offer to promote US community engagement? (Select all that apply):
  - Volunteer / "Dollars for Doers" grants (i.e., company matches volunteer hours with a cash grant to a nonprofit organization)

- Grant-matching (i.e., company matches at least a portion of direct contributions by employees to a nonprofit organization)
- Awards/recognition (both internal and external)
- Paid time off to volunteer
- 5. <u>Resources.</u> Does your company offer resources to expand or improve employee engagement in its community engagement program, and/or to support sharing of information between employees on community issues? How many of the following community engagement products does it offer in the US? (Select all that apply.)
  - Toolkits
  - Training
  - Regular newsletter / e-newsletter
  - Affinity groups
  - Online portal
  - Social media platforms
  - Employee Resource Groups / Affinity Groups
- 6. <u>Leadership.</u> How does executive/C-suite leadership support and promote the company's community engagement, if at all? Select all that apply and describe the frequency.
  - Publicly participate in company community engagement events/activities
    - 6a. Participation. How often?
    - 12 times per year
    - 6-11 times per year
    - 3-5 times per year
    - 1-2 times per year
    - Not tracked / Can't disclose
  - Encourage employees to participate in the community engagement program in all-staff meetings and/or town halls, email campaigns and/or other internal communication venues
    - 6b. Encouragement. How often?
      - 12 times per year
      - 6-11 times per year
      - 3-5 times per year
      - 1-2 times per year
      - Not tracked / Can't disclose
  - Present on the company's community engagement to the company's board
    - 6c. Presentation. How often?
      - 75% 100% of total number of board meetings per year
      - 50% 74% of total number of board meetings per year
      - 25% 49% of total number of board meetings per year
      - 1% 24% of total number of board meetings per year
      - Not tracked/Can't disclose

7. Mission Statements. Does the company include commitment to the community or a societal
cause in its mission, vision or purpose statement?
<ul> <li>Ves</li> </ul>

- No

<u>Dimension 3 - Mini Case Study.</u> Please describe in 200 or fewer words one example to highlight how your company applies this Dimension (i.e., Institutionalization - how the company supports community engagement through its institutional policies, systems, and incentives).

This example will not be scored, but may be selected as a short case study example as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include examples of your newest and best work. (Note: all case study entries will be compiled into an appendix to the Comprehensive Scorecard benchmarking report, as an additional resource for continuous improvement.)

If you do not wish to provide an example, please type "No Example" into the text box (to ensure the question was read and not inadvertently overlooked).
<u>Dimension 3- Comments</u> . Please share comments or explanations related to your answers in the Institutionalization dimension. (Note: responses to this question are completely optional, bu encouraged, and will not affect scoring.) If none to add, please enter "None."

## <u>Dimension 4A: Impact (Social Value)</u>

Part A of this dimension evaluates how a company measures the social impact of its community engagement program in the U.S.

Please carefully note the differences between *outcome measures* and *output measures* when classifying your activities below. (In <u>Glossary</u>)

- 1. <u>Volunteerism.</u> Volunteerism generates social value when it helps nonprofit organizations improve capacity to carry out their mission. Specifically, the outcomes of successful volunteerism include improved efficiency (i.e., enabling the nonprofit's systems or services to run with fewer resources), effectiveness (i.e., increasing the nonprofit's success rate among the beneficiaries it serves—for example, increasing the number of tutored students that improve their grades), and reach (e.g., by providing extra hands to help serve more beneficiaries). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US employee volunteering activities, by hours) of measuring the social value generated by your company's volunteerism.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the improvement in efficiency, effectiveness, and/or reach resulting from the volunteerism) as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as number of hours or people served and/or the monetary value of those services, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 2. <u>Grants.</u> Grants generate social value when they enable nonprofit organizations to deliver services that improve the wellbeing of targeted beneficiaries or solve targeted social issues. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US grants, by value) of measuring the social value generated by your company's grants.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the improvement in wellbeing or social issues resulting from the grant), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number and value of grants distributed and number of beneficiaries served, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information

- 3. <u>In-kind.</u> Like grants, in-kind goods generate social value when they enable nonprofit organizations to deliver services that improve the wellbeing of targeted beneficiaries or solve targeted social issues. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US in-kind donations, by value) of measuring the social value generated by your company's in-kind donations.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the improvement in wellbeing or social issues resulting from the in-kind donation), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number and value of goods distributed and number of beneficiaries served, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 4. <u>Social Cause Leadership/Advocacy.</u> Leadership and advocacy efforts generate social value by changing behaviors and/or policies to improve targeted social issues. The outcomes of successful leadership and advocacy efforts therefore include precursors of change (i.e., changes in awareness, understanding, and attitudes), the change itself (i.e., behaviors or policies), and the resulting effects (i.e., the improvement in beneficiary wellbeing or targeted social issues). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US efforts, by investment amount) of measuring the effectiveness of your leadership and/or advocacy on generating social change.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the precursors of change, the change itself, and/or its effects as a result of the leadership or advocacy), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended feedback on outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of beneficiaries reached or number of media impressions generated, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 5. Please provide short examples (100 words or fewer) of your social outcome indicators. These examples will not be scored, but may be selected as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include your newest and best examples.

highlight how your company applies this Dimension (i.e., Impact (social) - how the company measures the social impact of its community engagement programs).
This example will not be scored, but may be selected as a short case study example as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include examples of your newest and best work. (Note: all case study entries will be compiled into an appendix to the Comprehensive Scorecard benchmarking report, as an additional resource for continuous improvement.)
If you do not wish to provide an example, please type "No Example" into the text box (to ensure the question was read and not inadvertently overlooked).

## <u>Dimension 4B: Impact (Business Value)</u>

Part B of this dimension evaluates how a company measures the business impact of its community engagement program in the U.S.

Please carefully note the differences between outcome measures and output measures when classifying your activities below.

- 1. Select the top seven business functions your U.S. community engagement program formally supports (these are the same categories that you selected in Dimension 2), and then describe how you measure your performance.
  - Marketing/PR
  - Sales
  - Skill/Leadership Development
  - Recruiting
  - External Stakeholder Relations (including Shareholder)
  - Diversity and Inclusion
  - Health and Wellness
  - R&D/Innovation
  - Employee Engagement
  - Purchasing/supply-chain/sourcing
  - Other
- 1a. <u>Marketing/PR.</u> Community engagement can generate marketing and PR value by enhancing the company's brand in the marketplace. Successful outcomes include improved awareness of and attitudes towards the company. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the marketing/PR value generated.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in brand awareness and/or attitudes), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of media impressions, website hits, Facebook "Likes" generated, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 1b. <u>Sales.</u> Community engagement can generate sales value by helping to develop new or strengthen existing sales-related relationships. Successful outcomes include the drivers of sales (i.e., new or improved relationships) and sales themselves (e.g., the nature and value of new business generated). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the sales value generated.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in new business or new-business relationships), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process

- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of events attended or sponsored, or media impressions generated, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information
- 1c. <u>Skill development</u>. Community engagement can develop skills among employees by presenting them with opportunities to build new experiences, knowledge, or capabilities (such as leadership, project management, or team development). Successful outcomes include the development of new skills that are directly related to an employee's job. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the skill development value generated.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in jobrelated skills), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities offering skill-development opportunities, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information
- 1d. <u>Recruiting</u>. Community engagement can generate recruiting value by helping to develop new or strengthen existing recruiting-related relationships. Successful outcomes include the drivers of recruiting (i.e., new or improved relationships) and recruiting gains themselves (e.g., the number and type of new hires). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the recruiting value generated.
  - Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in recruiting or recruiting-related relationships), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
  - Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of events attended or sponsored, or media impressions generated, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
  - Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
  - Not currently measured
  - Not available / cannot share this information

1e. <u>Stakeholder relations.</u> Community engagement can generate business value by helping to develop new or strengthen existing stakeholder relationships (e.g., with regulators, legislators, advocacy groups, etc.). Successful outcomes include the development of new or improved stakeholder relationships, and the results (e.g., more favorable legislative, regulatory, or issues-

management outcomes, or the reduction of their risks). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the stakeholder relations value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in stakeholder relationships and regulatory, legislative, or issue-management results), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of events attended or sponsored, or media impressions generated, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

1f. <u>Diversity and inclusion</u>. Community engagement can generate business value by helping to enhance diversity and inclusion within your company. Successful outcomes include an increase in the diversity of your company's employee base, and the inclusiveness of your culture (i.e., ability of that employee base to understand, appreciate, and productively work with colleagues that are different from them). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the diversity and inclusion value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in employee diversity and level of inclusion), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of events attended or sponsored, or employees engaging in diversity-related activities, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

1g. <u>Health and wellness</u>. Community engagement can generate business value by helping to promote health and wellbeing among employees. Successful outcomes include an increase in the drivers of health and wellbeing (e.g., increased exercise, healthy eating, stress management, etc.) and the gains achieved (i.e., improved health and feeling of wellbeing). Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the health and wellbeing value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in healthy behaviors or health or wellbeing indicators), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities that promote health and wellbeing, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected

- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

1h. <u>R&D/innovation</u>. Community engagement can generate business value by helping to promote research and development or other innovation. Successful outcomes include the R&D/innovation gains realized, and how they either help increase revenues or reduce operating costs. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring the R&D/innovation value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in R&D/innovation gains and their bottom-line effects), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities that promote R&D/innovation, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

1i. <u>Employee Engagement</u>. Community engagement can promote engagement among employees by presenting them with opportunities to serve important social needs in fulfilling ways (for example, by addressing issues of particular resonance, bringing high-value skills to needy organizations, or interacting with others on a deep level). Successful outcomes include improved employee commitment, enthusiasm, or loyalty to your company. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your U.S. programs, by investment amount) of measuring the employee engagement value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in engagement), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities that drive employee engagement, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

## 1j. The Sustainable Development Goals (unscored 2019)

The <u>Sustainable Development Goals</u> (SDGs) set out the UN agenda for people, planet and prosperity through 2030. The SDGs were adopted by 193 states at the United Nations in September 2015. The 17 goals and 169 targets aim to stimulate action in areas of critical importance to humanity and the environment. Successfully measuring and community minded activities to the SDGs can help businesses understand and connect the impact of their local efforts on global goals. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your U.S. programs, by investment amount) of measuring your community minded activities.

 Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in engagement), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process

- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities that drive employee engagement, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

1k. Other (definition). Please briefly describe this other business interest,	and how it generates
pottom-line value (i.e., increasing revenues or reducing costs)	

Other. Successful outcomes include gains that directly or indirectly drive bottom-line value, and the increased revenues or reduced costs realized. Please identify the primary method (used for over 50% of your US programs, by investment amount) of measuring this other business value generated.

- Predefined, quantitative outcome measures (capturing the resulting improvement in the drivers of bottom-line value, and the change in revenues or costs realized), as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Open-ended, qualitative outcomes (i.e., success stories) and/or predefined satisfaction metrics, as part of a standardized and regularly implemented data collection process
- Drivers of outcomes, using standardized output metrics such as the number of employees that participated in activities that promote this other business interest, as part of a regularly implemented data collection process
- Anecdotal, non-quantitative information (i.e., success stories), informally or periodically collected
- Not currently measured
- Not available / cannot share this information

<ol> <li>Please provide short examples (100 words or fewer) of your business outcome indicat These examples will not be scored, but it is used to verify the accuracy of your answers i section. Not answering may result in a one-category lower ranking than the answer you be supplied</li> </ol>	
applied	

<u>Dimension 4b - Mini Case Study.</u> Please describe in 200 or fewer words one example to highlight how your company applies this Dimension (i.e., Impact (business) - how the company measures the business impact of its community engagement programs).

This example will not be scored, but may be selected as a short case study example as part of The Civic 50's publicity and public education efforts, so we encourage you to include examples of your newest and best work.

If you do not wish to provide an example, please type "No Example" into the text box (to ensure the question was read and not inadvertently overlooked).

<u>Dimension 4- Comments</u> . Please share comments or explanations related to your answer the Impact dimension. (Note: responses to this question are completely optional, but encouraged, and will not affect scoring.) If none to add, please enter "None."	rs in

## **Verification & Feedback**

The answers provided within this application are true to the best knowledge of the corporation and its employees. (Note: Companies found to falsify information will be banned from participating in The Civic 50 for a period of no less than 5 years)
 Yes
 No

2.	Please upload a <b>vector or EPS</b> logo that can be used for promotion/publication purposes if your company appears on The Civic 50.
3.	If relevant, please provide any additional guidance or conditions associated with the disclosure of your company name or use of your company logo. If none to add, please enter "None."
4.	Please indicate where you learned about The Civic 50
5.	Comments/Questions/Feedback on The Civic 50 (Note: responses to this question are completely optional (but encouraged) and will not affect scoring.) If none to add, please enter "None."
6.	Approximately how many staff hours did it take you to complete your survey submission?

## **Report Options**

- 1. <u>Scorecards.</u> All eligible companies that submit a completed The Civic 50 survey will receive a free Individual Scorecard, which lists the company's individual score and ranking in each dimension. Additional reports, with greater detail to support more detailed corporate reporting and continuous improvement efforts, are available for a fee.
  - Individual Scorecard (free): Ranking only for each category
  - Industry Scorecard (\$1,250): Ranking, benchmarking, and best practice highlights by dimension (full population and sector-specific results)
  - Comprehensive Scorecard (\$3,500): Question-level ranking, benchmarking, and best practice highlights (full population and sector-specific results)

If you have any questions about these scorecard options, please email <a href="mailto:Civic50@trueimpact.com">Civic50@trueimpact.com</a>.

## V. Glossary of Terms

The following are definitions of terms used in The Civic 50 survey.

<u>Business Outcomes/Impacts</u>: Meaningful changes in the performance of a business function such as an increase in employee engagement, sales or brand recognition. Although the precise definitions of the evaluation terms "impact" and "outcome" differ slightly, for the purposes of The Civic 50 they are interchangeable.

<u>Cause Marketing</u>: A marketing effort pursued by a company that also aims to raise awareness, money, and/or consumer engagement for a social cause/issue. Also known as cause-related marketing.

<u>Community Engagement:</u> A company's efforts to mitigate social causes/issues such as hunger, poverty, environmental degradation, for example, and/or to promote the public good, including economic development, education and social justice, for example. Community engagement is implemented through employee activities/volunteering, including extra-hands, skills-based volunteering or pro bono service; monetary giving; in-kind giving, social cause leadership and other company or employee actions.

Community Engagement Program (CEP): The totality of a company's formal community engagement efforts to mitigate social causes/issues such as hunger, poverty, environmental degradation, for example, and/or to promote the public good, including economic development, education and social justice, for example. Community Engagement Program elements include employee volunteering including pro-bono and other skills-based service, monetary giving, inkind giving and social cause leadership.

<u>Community Partners:</u> Organizations working to mitigate social causes/issues and/or promote the common good to which a corporation contributes employee volunteer (including extra-hands volunteering and pro-bono and skills-based service), financial, in-kind or leadership resources at least once per year. Community partners are typically US tax-exempt status organizations, but can also be organizations with an alternative tax status that promote progress on a social cause/issue including social enterprises, public schools and military entities.

Company-sponsored Volunteerism: Volunteer activities performed by employees in which the company invests non-negligible resources by dedicating staff time to organize the activities, paying intermediaries or community organizations to organize the activities, issuing "dollars-fordoers" grants or paying employee salaries or wages, for example. Common forms of this activity can include, but are not limited to painting community partner buildings, conducting environmental cleanup and mentoring students, amongst others. Employee volunteers and employee volunteer hours submitted as part of The Civic 50 application need to be part of a volunteer activity supported through company resources, as defined in this paragraph.

<u>Dollars-for-Doers Grants:</u> A program in which the company contributes a grant to a community partner (see definition) where an employee or a team of employees volunteers.

<u>Employee:</u> A person on the company payroll for full-or part-time work. Temporary and intermittent employees are included, as are any employees who are on paid sick leave, on paid

holiday, or who work during only part of the specified pay period. Proprietors, self-employed, unpaid family or volunteer workers are excluded.

Employee Volunteering: Activities performed by employees to support a social cause/issue in which the company invests non-negligible resources by dedicating staff time to organize the activities, paying intermediaries or community organizations to organize the activities, issuing "dollars-for-doers" grants or paying employee salaries or wages, for example. Common forms of this activity can include, but are not limited to painting community partner buildings, conducting environmental cleanup and mentoring students, amongst others. Employee volunteers and employee volunteer hours submitted as part of The Civic 50 application need to be part of a volunteer activity supported through company resources, as defined in this paragraph.

Employee Volunteer Program: The totality of company efforts to support employee volunteering (see definition above) by investing non-negligible resources such as staff time to organize volunteer activities, paying intermediaries or community organizations to organize volunteer activities, issuing "dollars-for-doers" grants or paying employee salaries or wages during the time they volunteer, for example. Employee volunteers and employee volunteer hours submitted as part of The Civic 50 application need to be part of a volunteer activity supported through company resources, as defined in this paragraph.

<u>Hands On Volunteering</u> (also known as traditional and extra hands volunteering): Employee volunteering (see definition) that does not involve applying the employee's workplace skills.

<u>Impact Investments:</u> Impact investments are investments made into companies, organizations, and funds with the intention to generate social and environmental impact alongside a financial return.

<u>In-kind Contributions:</u> Goods, products, services, or equipment that are donated to a community partner excluding employee volunteering (which is counted separately in The Civic 50). Examples of in-kind contributions include donation of used computers, meeting rooms or commercial product.

<u>Matching-Gift Grants:</u> A program in which the company contributes a grant to a community partner (see definition of community partner) where an employee makes a monetary contribution, often by matching the employee's contribution dollar-for-dollar.

<u>Outputs/Accomplishments:</u> Measures of the Community Engagement Program's activities, services, events and products that indicate progress towards business and/or social outcomes/impacts (see definitions) but fall short of capturing such impacts and outcomes because they don't show a *change* in a social issue (e.g. increased academic performance) or business outcome (e.g., increased employee retention). Examples of outputs/accomplishments include volunteer hours contributed, individuals served and tutoring session held, for example.

Outcome Measures: Indicators of social outcomes/impacts or business outcomes/impacts (see definitions). Examples of social outcome measures include graduation rate for students in a tutoring program, income reported by participants in jobs training program and increases in knowledge reported by individuals in a financial literacy course. Examples of business outcome measures include retention of employee volunteers as tracked by HR, sales resulting from a

cause marketing campaign and customer loyalty among individuals who are have seen ads featuring the community engagement program.

<u>Philanthropy:</u> The act of a corporation making a grant or financial donation in support of a social cause/issue.

<u>Pro Bono or Skills-Based Volunteering/Service:</u> Employee volunteering (see definition) that uses employee professional skills in service to a community partner (see definition). This can include, but is not limited to, the donation of services such as accounting, marketing, finance, graphic design, and information technology.

<u>Public Good:</u> The well-being of society as a whole. Public good efforts include reducing crime, increasing employment and cleaning up the environment, for example.

<u>Social Causes/Issues:</u> Challenges, difficulties and other problems faced by a society, often referred to as charitable causes. Examples include but are not limited to: homelessness, unemployment and access to education.

<u>Social Outcomes/Impacts</u>: Meaningful changes in individuals, groups, organizations or communities served by the Community Engagement program such as improvements in graduation rates, reduction in health problems or increases in financial literacy. Although the precise definitions of the evaluation terms "impact" and "outcome" differ slightly, for the purposes of The Civic 50 they are interchangeable.

<u>Traditional volunteering</u> (also known as extra-hands or hand-on volunteering): Employee volunteering (see definition) that does not involve applying the employee's workplace skills.

## VII. About the Organizers:

**Points of Light** - the world's largest organization dedicated to volunteer service. Points of Light inspires, equips and mobilizes millions of people to take action that is changing the world. Through affiliates in 250 cities across more than 30 countries and partnerships with thousands of nonprofits and corporations, Points of Light engages 4 million volunteers in 30 million hours of service each year. For more information, go to <a href="www.pointsoflight.org">www.pointsoflight.org</a>.

**True Impact** - is a web-based measurement tool and benchmarking network for the charitable sector. Donors and nonprofits use True Impact to measure the social impact of their grants, volunteerism, and other philanthropic investments, to demonstrate success and identify opportunities for improvement. Learn more at <a href="https://www.trueimpact.com">www.trueimpact.com</a>.